EXHIBIT B

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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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      MARK I. SOKOLOW, et al.,,
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                  Plaintiffs,
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                  v.
                                                04-CV-397 (GBD)
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      PALESTINE LIBERATION
      ORGANIZATION, et al.,
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                     Defendants.
                                                Oral Argument
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                                                New York, N.Y.
                                                March 4, 2014
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                                                10:58 a.m.
      Before:
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                          HON. GEORGE B. DANIELS,
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                                                District Judge
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                                 APPEARANCES
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           Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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Honor, I think you've summarized the issues well. The issue was briefed quite extensively, and I don't think that we have anything to add with regard to the outtakes.

I should also report to the court that despite very good faith efforts, both on the part of BBC's counsel and on our part, we've not been able to get a certification from the BBC that the take that we have or the CD that we have now, or CDs, is an accurate copy of what aired, although we did receive it directly from the BBC. So that issue is also before the court, and I may be misremembering, but I think Judge Ellis did give us that discovery and we haven't pursued it because --

THE COURT: To do what?

MR. YALOWITZ: To get perhaps an authenticating deposition or some third-party discovery device simply to say this is indeed a true and correct copy of what we aired and our procedures were followed here and so on. And there is a recent decision which we didn't burden the court with, but I'll tell you, Judge Scheindlin had a recent decision in Wultz v. Bank of China on a similar issue involving an Israeli bank called Bank Hapoalim, and I'd be happy to send a copy of that decision to the court if it would be helpful.

THE COURT: Well, this is what I --

MR. YALOWITZ: But that's a separate issue.

THE COURT: This is what I want. Even before you file any motions in limine with regard to the admissibility of

evidence, to the extent that you believe that it would be appropriate, both sides, you believe it would be appropriate for the other side to stipulate to the authenticity, admissibility, part or all of the foundation for admissibility, you should seek that, you should identify it and request it from the other side, in writing, by letter, and they should respond to that within ten days, calendar days, as to whether or not they're going to agree to that. If they're not going to agree to it, then you'll know what you need to fight about with other additional efforts that you have to take to be able to get the appropriate witness to lay the proper foundation.

MR. YALOWITZ: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: To the extent that there is the rule that examines the reliability of the evidence beyond just the particular rules with regard to foundation, I'll consider it if it is appropriate, but at this point I'm not going to represent that I'm going to relieve either party of their obligations to demonstrate that any evidence that they wish to offer is in fact what it purports to be, by testimony, certification, and/or other indicia of reliability, so that we can address those issues as you raised them, that they lack the proper authority, a waste of time, or to spend the time establishing full foundation when there's no real genuine dispute that the item is what it purports to be. See if we can address that.

MR. YALOWITZ: All right. That narrows the other

objection we raised with regard to Judge Ellis' order, so that's fine. We'll take it to the defendants in that way. I will say, I'm not optimistic that we will get stipulations, but I think the exercise is worth doing.

THE COURT: Well, but at least you can make a judgment, one, as to whether or not you believe it's going to be required or necessary for you to bring in foundational witnesses, or you can make the appropriate application early on.

THE COURT: Even before you file the motions in limine to indicate that you want to offer that evidence over the defense objection without having a foundational witness.

Right. I mean, foundational --

MR. YALOWITZ: Right. You know, admissibility, foundation, authenticity, these are matters for the court under Rule 104. They're really not for the jury.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. YALOWITZ:

MR. YALOWITZ: So --

THE COURT: Well, I intend to make those rulings as far in advance of the issue being raised before the jury as possible.

MR. YALOWITZ: Right.

THE COURT: And to the extent I can resolve those issues prior to trial, I will resolve those issues as early as I get those issues teed up.

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MR. YALOWITZ: That's great. In that regard, if we can't stipulate and there are genuine issues -- so the documents that I have the biggest concern about, because they're -- well, the documents that I have the biggest concern about are the defendants' own documents. Defendants had the documents produced to us in discovery, most of which the defendants produced, as the court recalls, after the close of discovery; some of which we got only last month, for example. And those are, it seems to me, pretty obviously either admissions or public records or business records, or something like that. And there are a lot of cases that say that even without a witness sitting there going through 600 pages of documents saying, yup, that's it, that the court can still make findings in that regard based on the face of the documents and the fact that they were produced by the defendants, unless the defendants come forward with some reason to think they're, you know, forgeries or something like that. So -- which we haven't heard here. So I think that this is -- it's good that we try to resolve this now, and we'll go back to the defendants to see if we can get stipulations. If we can't, we'll bring it to the court, you know, in the context of the other --

THE COURT: And I anticipate that I can resolve most of those issues even, if you raise them early enough, by the September conference. Then to the extent that there are issues that have not been addressed by the September conference, we

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can resolve those by the November 20th --

MR. YALOWITZ: Excellent.

And the only other agenda item that I think I have that I want just to make sure is on your radar screen, your Honor, is the issue of public filing of judicial documents.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. YALOWITZ: And I don't know if your Honor would like to hear from the parties on that or --

THE COURT: Well, just tell me again. I'm not sure I understand in general the extent or the limit of what you want publicly filed and what you don't want publicly filed.

MR. YALOWITZ: Sure.

MR. HILL: Your Honor, I hate to interrupt, but we can avoid talking about the substance since there are people in the room that are not under the protective order.

MR. YALOWITZ: All right. Well, we're --

THE COURT: That's fine. That's fine. I'm just trying to figure it out. You want to file documents, you want all documents to be public, is that basically your position?

MR. YALOWITZ: Close to my position, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. YALOWITZ: Yes. For the most part, the trial should be conducted in public.

THE COURT: I understand. Well, then, you know, I mean, you don't even think that it's appropriate for any